

**United States Department of the Interior
Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service**

**National Register of Historic Places
Inventory—Nomination Form**

For HCRS use only
received **OCT 17 1983**
date entered

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*
Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

historic Magnolia Vale

and/or common Same as above

2. Location

Off MS 18

street & number ~~Southwest corner of the Fairchild Fork Crossing, the intersection of Oakley Road and State Hwy. 18 S., about 5 mi. southwest of Raymond, Mississippi~~ *N/A* not for publication

city, town Raymond *vic.* vicinity of ~~congressional district~~

state Mississippi code 28 county Hinds code 49

3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use
<input type="checkbox"/> district	<input type="checkbox"/> public	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> occupied	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture <input type="checkbox"/> museum
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private	<input type="checkbox"/> unoccupied	<input type="checkbox"/> commercial <input type="checkbox"/> park
<input type="checkbox"/> structure	<input type="checkbox"/> both	<input type="checkbox"/> work in progress	<input type="checkbox"/> educational <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private residence
<input type="checkbox"/> site	Public Acquisition	Accessible	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment <input type="checkbox"/> religious
<input type="checkbox"/> object	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in process	<input type="checkbox"/> yes: restricted	<input type="checkbox"/> government <input type="checkbox"/> scientific
	<input type="checkbox"/> being considered	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> yes: unrestricted	<input type="checkbox"/> industrial <input type="checkbox"/> transportation
		<input type="checkbox"/> no	<input type="checkbox"/> military <input type="checkbox"/> other:

4. Owner of Property

name Mr. and Mrs. Benton O'Neal

street & number 146 Lakeview Boulevard

city, town New Braunfels *N/A* vicinity of state Texas 78130

5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Office of the Chancery Clerk
Hinds County Courthouse

street & number Main Street

city, town Raymond state Mississippi 39154

6. Representation in Existing Surveys

title NA has this property been determined eligible? yes no

date federal state county local

depository for survey records

city, town state

7. Description

Condition		Check one	Check one
<input type="checkbox"/> excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> deteriorated	<input type="checkbox"/> unaltered	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> original site
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> good	<input type="checkbox"/> ruins	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> altered	<input type="checkbox"/> moved date <u>NA</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> fair	<input type="checkbox"/> unexposed		

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Located on the southwestern corner of the intersection of Fairchild Fork Crossing and Oakley Road and State Highway 18 South, which runs in a southwesterly direction from Raymond to Utica, Mississippi, Magnolia Vale is a one-story, frame Greek Revival plantation residence set upon brick foundation piers. The finely detailed residence is surmounted by a hipped roof that is pierced by two stuccoed-brick chimneys. The easterly facade is a five-bay composition with the central three bays projecting forward and sheltered by a hipped-roof portico. The portico is adorned with a full molded entablature, which extends unbroken around all elevations of the house and is supported at all corners by pilasters. The portico is supported by wooden box columns that are echoed on the facade by pilasters. The box columns and the pilasters feature molded capitals and Gothic-arched panels. The box columns were originally linked by a railing composed of rectangular-sectioned balusters and molded handrail, but the original balustrade rotted and was replaced by a cast-iron railing. The projecting three-bay facade is finished in horizontal matched boards with an unmolded base, but this wall treatment is at present obscured by shingle siding which was applied in the mid-twentieth century. All windows of the house are filled with six-over-six, double-hung sash, and the windows of the facade have molded cornices and are closed by original shutter blinds. The center-bay entrance frontispiece consists of a full molded entablature supported by pilasters enframing double-leaf, molded, two-panel entry doors set within a wide transom and side-lights extending almost to the floor.

The interior plan of the house is a double-pile plan with wide central hallway. The doorways and windows of the hallway and front two rooms are crowned with beautifully molded cornices, the windows are set over molded panels, and the window and door surrounds, as well as the wooden mantel pieces, are shouldered, battered, and molded. The rear two rooms are more plainly trimmed with molded architrave surrounds for the windows which are not set over molded panels and wooden pilastered mantel pieces, but the doorway surrounds remain shouldered, battered, and molded. Base moldings throughout the house have two fascia and are molded, and all interior doors have two molded panels and original hardware. All of the rooms except for the front parlor contain large original closets in the fireplace walls. A rear doorway that matches the entrance doorway on the interior, but has a plainly beaded surround on the exterior elevation, originally opened onto a rear porch that extended in a catwalk that led to the detached kitchen, which is no longer standing. In the mid-twentieth century, a new gabled-roof addition, which houses a kitchen, bathroom, bedroom, and sitting room, was added to the rear elevation of the house. No original outbuildings have survived.

8. Significance

Period	Areas of Significance—Check and justify below			
<input type="checkbox"/> prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400–1499	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-historic	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500–1599	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> sculpture
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600–1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> social/
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700–1799	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> music	<input type="checkbox"/> humanitarian
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800–1899	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy	<input type="checkbox"/> theater
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900–	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
		<input type="checkbox"/> invention		<input type="checkbox"/> other (specify)

Specific dates 1841 (traditional family date) **Builder/Architect** unknown

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Magnolia Vale is a significant example of a Mississippi Greek Revival plantation residence. This significance derives from its architectural distinction, its long history of family ownership, and from its outstanding collection of original decorative arts. Magnolia Vale differs in its architectural form from the usual Mississippi plantation residence, which is often characterized as a one-and-a-half story frame residence with gabled roof and recessed gallery. The house is a one-story dwelling set beneath a hipped roof with a three-bay, hipped-roof portico, an architectural form not commonly found in rural Mississippi. The house achieves a degree of architectural sophistication from its fully molded entablature which completely encircles all elevations of the house and is supported at each corner by pilasters, which like the columns and pilasters of the portico, are elaborated with Gothic-arched panels. According to family tradition, Magnolia Vale was constructed in 1841 as the residence of James Fairchild, whose descendants still own the house. The family has a fine collection of original Empire furnishings and an outstanding collection of nineteenth-century handwork executed by Fairchild family members.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Miller, Mary W., Historic Natchez Foundation. Inspection of Magnolia Vale, May 25, 1983.
 O'Neal, Benton, descendant of James Fairchild. Interviewed by Mary W. Miller, Historic Natchez Foundation, at Raymond, MS, May 25, 1983.

10. Geographical Data

Acree of nominated property approx. 9.8 acres

Quadrangle name Terry NW, Miss.

Quadrangle scale 1:24,000

UMT References

A

1	5	7	3	8	1	5	5	3	1	5	6	1	5	7	3	0
Zone			Easting				Northing									

B

Zone		Easting				Northing									

C

Zone		Easting				Northing									

D

Zone		Easting				Northing									

E

Zone		Easting				Northing									

F

Zone		Easting				Northing									

G

Zone		Easting				Northing									

H

Zone		Easting				Northing									

Verbal boundary description and justification The nominated property forms basically a four-sided figure with one right angle corner and begins at the southwestern corner of the Fairchilds Crossroads. The southwestern boundary line runs 600 feet from this corner in a south westerly direction along the western edge of State Highway 18 to a point where it (see continuation sheet)

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

state	code	county	code
NA			
state	code	county	code

11. Form Prepared By

name/title Mary Warren Miller/Preservation Consultant

organization Historic Natchez Foundation

date May 28, 1983

street & number P. O. Box 1761

telephone (601) 442-2500

city or town Natchez

state Mississippi 39120

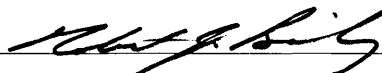
12. State Historic Preservation Officer Certification

The evaluated significance of this property within the state is:

national state local

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service.

State Historic Preservation Officer signature



title Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer

date October 4, 1983

For HCRS use only

I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register
 Entered in the
 National Register

date 11/17/83

Resep of the National Register

Attest:

date

Chief of Registration

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED

DATE ENTERED

Magnolia Vale, Raymond, Hinds County, MS

CONTINUATION SHEET

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intersects with the northwesterly boundary line. The northwesterly boundary line runs in a northwesterly direction 600 feet from State Highway 18 to a point where it intersects and forms a right angle corner with the northeastern boundary line. The northeastern boundary line, which is perpendicular to the northwestern boundary line, continues approximately 850 feet to a point where it intersects with the Oakley Road. The southeastern boundary line is formed by the southerly edge of the Oakley Road and runs from its intersection with the northeastern boundary line to the point of beginning at the southwestern corner of the Fairchilds Crossroads. The total nominated acreage is approximately 9.8 acres, which should visually protect the plantation setting of the residence.



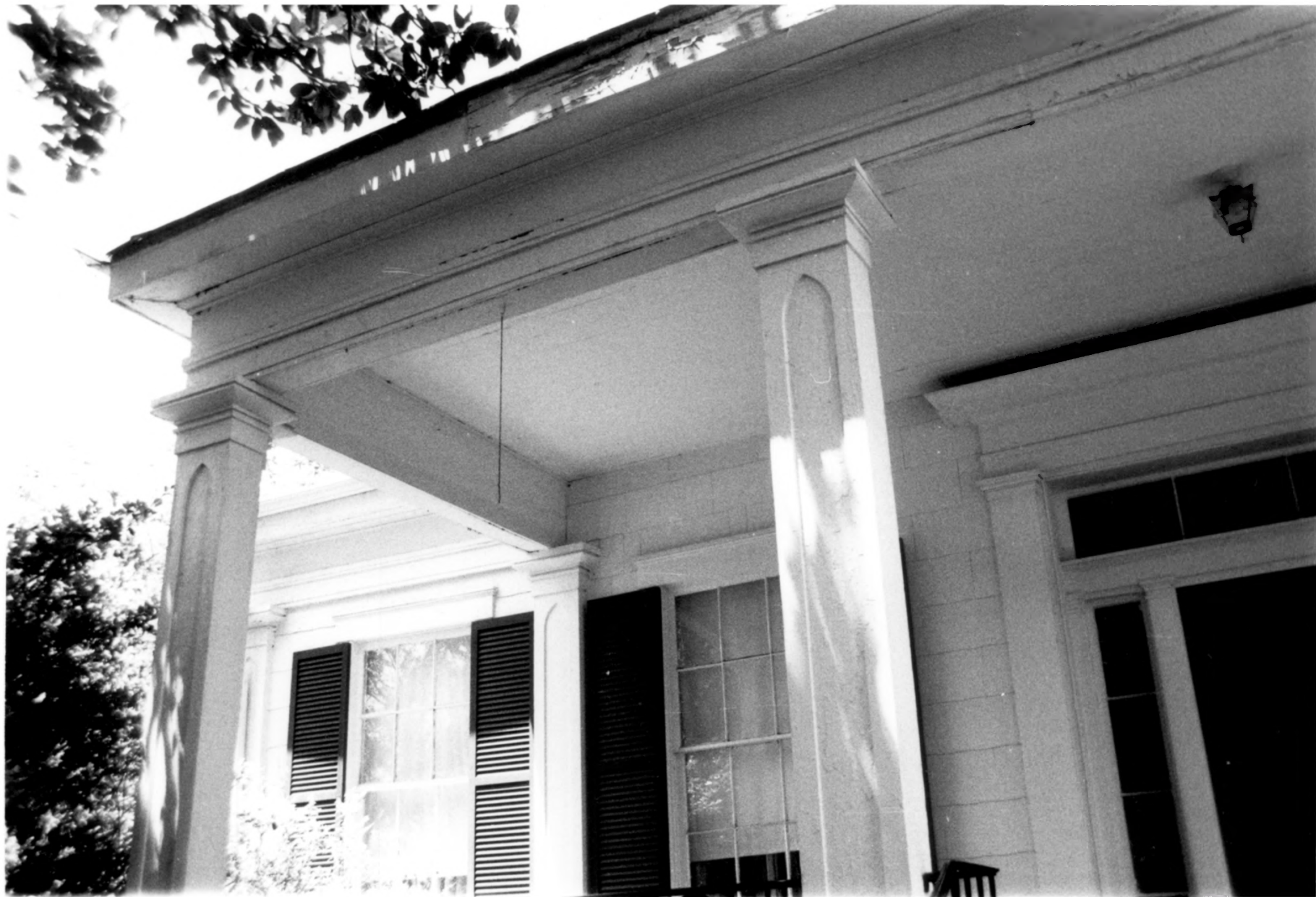
MAGNOLIA VALE

Raymond, Hinds County, Mississippi

Looking northwesterly, the easterly facade and southerly side elevation of Magnolia Vale.

Mary W. Miller, Historic Natchez Foundation, May 1983 (neg. # 187.17)

Photo 1 of 3



MAGNOLIA VALE

Raymond, Hinds County, Mississippi

Looking southwesterly, the easterly facade of Magnolia Vale showing the Gothic arched panels of the columns and pilasters.

Mary W. Miller, Historic Natchez Foundation, May 1983 (neg. # 187.13)

Photo 2 of 3



MAGNOLIA VALE

Raymond, Hinds County, Mississippi

Looking westerly, the main hallway of
Magnolia Vale--looking into the southern
front room of the house.

Mary W. Miller, Historic Natchez Founda-
tion, May 1983 (neg. # 187.2)

Photo 3 of 3