United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



Mississippi

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms Type all entries—complete applicable sections

Name 1.

and/or common

historic Merrill-Maley House

same

2. Location

street & nur	nber 739 North	State S	Street		N/	A not for publication
city, town J	lackson		N/A_ vi	cinity of	congressional district	Fourth
state Miss	issippi	code	28	county	Hinds	code 049
3. Cla	assificatio	n				
Category district building structur site object	re both Public Acquisit in process <u>N/A</u> being consid	dered	Accessib yes: ro _X yes: u no	upied n progress le	Present Use agriculture X commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	<pre> museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:</pre>
<u>4. 0v</u>	vner of Pro	operi	<u>y</u>			
name F	Robert H. Canizar	o, et al	L.			
street & num	nber 733 North	State S	Street			
city, town	Jackson		N/A vi	cinity of	state	Mississippi
5. Lo	cation of	Lega	l Des	criptio	on	
courthouse, street & num	registry of deeds, etc. aber 316 South			ne Chancer t	y Clerk, <u>Hinds Cour</u> Building	nty Chancery Court

Jackson city, town

6.

state **Representation in Existing Surveys**

title State	ewide Survey of	Historic Sites	has this property been deter	rmined eleg	jible? yes	no
date	1981		federal	Xstate	county	local
depository	for survey records	Mississippi Dep	artment of Archives and	l History	7	
city, town	Jackson			state	Mississippi	<u>_</u>

7. Description

Condition	
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excellent	
good	
<u>X</u> fair	

	Check one
deteriorated	unaltered
ruins	<u>X</u> altered
unexposed	

.*

Check one X original site date N/A moved

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Two-and-a-half-story frame residential structure located in mixed-use neighborhood in Jackson, Mississippi. Symmetrical, three-bay composition with central portico, giant order Corinthian columns and pilasters supporting an entablature and ballustrade. Tile roof with hipped dormers. Original three-part windows altered 1945 by commercial showroom bays on the first level. Entrance with glazed, double-leaf door, side lights and Single-bay balcony supported by brackets. Center-hall plan, irregular single transom. pile with rear service ell. Altered, yet restorable interior integrity.

The Merrill-Maley House is located on an 80 feet wide by 160 feet deep mid-block on the west side of North State Street approximately six blocks north of Capitol Street and the Old Capitol Building. The site is bordered along State Street on the south by a small two-story office building, on the north by a full depth one-story doctors' build-An eight-story modern hotel is directly across the street. The Merrill-Maley ing. House with the large live oak tree in the front yard forms a delightful counterpoint to this context.

The most dominant features of this two-story, wood frame, clapboard, Colonial Revival home are six Corinthian columns which support a portico centered in the facade. As the simple entablature returns to the body of the house, it is supported by a pair of pilasters matching the columns. Under this portico is the main entry which consists of full glazed double doors surrounded by side lights and transom with diamond pattern glass. Above the main entry is a small projecting balcony carried on four large brackets. This balcony is accessible by a full-glazed door flanked by double-hung side lights. The impact of this grand portico is diluted by single-story bays added in 1945 which flank the portico extending from the original facade to the line of the portico. These bays occupy the area which was originally a raised verandah extending the full width of the front facade. The porch was enclosed with a handsome turned balustrade which has been preserved and reinstalled atop the more recent construction. The windows of the These consist of addition also appear to have been reused from the original structure. a square light topped by a transom of diamond mullioned glass and double-hung side lights with top sections divided into diamond lights similar to the transom. The side lights are typical of all windows in the front portion of the house. Above the additions are two slightly projecting wide bay windows glazed in typical fashion. Below these windows are organically patterned carved wood panels. The hipped roof of this house is made from green glazed tile with exuberant tile finials at the top of the hips and above the numerous projecting hipped dormers. Three small symmetrically placed dormers grace The sides and rear facades are less elaborate in their detail but consistent the facade. in their reference. A continuous entablature is supported at the corners by simple pilasters. The deep eave above the entablature is decorated with eavenly spaced brackets.

Entry to the house is through a large center stair hall. The stair rises along the south wall to a landing at about eight feet above the floor, a wide balcony across the back wall leads to a shorter run of stairs, now removed, which returned along the opposite wall to the second level. A broad brick fireplace with simple wood mantel is located below the landing opposite the entry. The fireplace is flanked by windows in walls which return to the north and south walls at a 45-degree angle. Above the fireplace at the balcony level is a window punched through the center of the chimney. The entry hall opens on either side by way of wide openings framed by large scale simply

Section Significance

1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications	community planning	landscape architecture law literature military music philosophy politics/government	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1907	Builder/Architect	Unknown	<u>.</u>

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Merrill-Maley House is a site significant to the architectural history of Jackson, Mississippi (criteria C). It is a fine example of the Colonial Revival style characterized by the lavish use of giant order columns, overscaled and elaborately decorated fenestration, symmetrical composition and prominent roof. The popularity of the Colonial Revival style in the early twentieth century coincided with an era of unprecedented prosperity in Jackson which was developing into Mississippi's most important commercial center. Large and impressive Colonial Revival mansions characterized the architecture of State Street and reflected the wealth, taste and nostalgia of those who flourished in the pre-Depression economy. In the 1950s and 1960s, however, many of these expensive and old-fashion dwellings gave way to an expanding business district and were destroyed at an alarming rate. Of those to survive, the Merrill-Maley House is among the best in terms of integrity and excellence of original design.

The history of the Merrill-Maley House closely parallels the history of the street it faces. The lots along North State Street were subdivided beginning at the turn of the twentieth century. The land on which this house is located was subdivided in 1905. It was bought in 1907 by Philip S. Merrill, manager of the George B. Merrill & Bros. Lumber Company, who built a house for his family and their attendants. Lumbering was a mainstay of the early-twentieth-century economy in Mississippi. It is not surprising, therefore, that the second owner, Charles E. Maley, was also a lumberman. Maley migrated from his family home in Evansville, Indiana, to Jackson by way of Yazoo City, Mississippi, in pursuit of his trade. Mr. Maley's fortunes and those of his business, the Henry Maley Lumber Company, began to fall along with the prestige of North State Street. When he was forced to sell the house, it was bought by Mrs. Lucille Henderson, wife of a prominent Jackson physician, Dr. W. F. Henderson. Dr. Henderson was head of the Radiology Department at Mississippi Baptist Hospital. By the 1940s, the most desirable residential areas had moved away from the center of the city to the north. Commercial structures had begun to encroach on the once grand residential boulevard. Mrs. Henderson, upon her husband's death in the late 1930s, converted the lower floor of the house to a women's clothing shop. The family continued to live on the upper floor. During World War II, the house was the location of the Town Club, a social club catering to servicemen. In 1945, the Merrill-Maley House was converted into seven small apartments.

The structure remained an apartment building for the next thirty years, while many of the surrounding houses were demolished to make way for commercial structures. The house has gradually fallen into disrepair making the upper floor uninhabitable. The current owners have rented the building to an antique dealer who uses the ground floor as a showroom. The value of the property has again begun to rise as commercial property, due to the proximity to the Central Business District. The current owners believe that the Merrill-Maley House can become an economically viable property while serving as a reminder of the grand history that this house and street have seen. Alternative uses for the house including hotel, restaurant, and office facilities are being investigated.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Chief of Registration

Jackson City Directories 1910, 1914, 1916, 1928, 1935, 1942, 1945, 1948, 1953.

Hurt, Marshall, <u>Half A Century With Jackson</u>, <u>1889-1939</u> (Jackson: State National Bank, 1939).

10. Geographical Data ACIECTION ITTO TO THE

<u> </u>		TOTLA LA MA	
Acreage of nominated property			
Quadrangle name <u>Jackson</u> ,	Miss.		Quadrangle scale 1:24000
UMT References			
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Verbal boundary description			
-	the Chancery Clo		., according to the plat ds County, Mississippi, as
List all states and counties	or properties overla	pping state or county b	boundaries
state N/A	code	county	code
state	code	county	code
11. Form Prep	ored By		
organization Canizaro Tr	igiani Architect	s date S	September, 1981
street & number 733 North	State Street	telephon	e (601) 948-7337
city or town Jackson		state	Mississippi
12. State Hist	oric Prese	ervation Offi	cer Certification
The evaluated significance of thi	s property within the s	tate is:	
national	state	local	
As the designated State Historic 665), I hereby nominate this prop according to the criteria and proc	erty for inclusion in the	e National Register and ce	
State Historic Preservation Office	er signature	staty. Dal)
itle Deputy State Historic Pre	servation Office	r –	date March 15, 1982
For HCRS use only I hereby certify that this pro			
Allow &		Entered in the	date 4/29/82
Keeper of the National Register		ALIONAL Register	1-4-
Attest:			date

FHR-8-300A (11/78) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Merrill-Maley House Hinds County, Mississippi CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 7: 9 PAGE 1

7 - DESCRIPTION

detailed pilasters carrying a sympathetic pediment. Both openings have been modified to some degree. The cross axis is reinforced by matching openings framing a fireplace nook in the south parlor and a projecting window seat in the north parlor. Above the window seat is a series of diamond mullioned casement windows flanked by oval windows containing a bisected diamond pattern. The brick fireplace with wood mantel in the south parlor is simple but impressive in its scale and proportion.

A wing extending behind the north parlor is less elaborately detailed and must have contained service functions. This wing, as well as the entire upper floor, has been substantially altered in the conversion to use as an apartment house. In this conversion, the rear wing was extended and another two-story wing was added behind the south parlor opposite the existing wing. The materials and scale of these additions are in harmony with the original house.

9 - MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

McCain, William D. The Story of Jackson; A History of the Capital of Mississippi, 1821-1951. (Jackson: J. F. Hyer Publishing Company, 1953).

Interviews With: Miss Charlotte Capers - Mississippi Department of Archives and History.

Mrs. Claude Maley - Daughter-in-law of C. E. Maley. Mr. Jesse Stubbs - Butler to the Maley Family. Mrs. W. K. Hellmers - Daughter of Lucille Henderson.

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DATE ENTERED



Merrill-Maley House 739 North State Street Jackson, Hinds County, Mississippi Credit: Robert T. Canizaro 733 North State Street Jackson, Mississippi 39201 March, 1982 View of east (facade) elevation, from southeast Photo 1 of 4



Merrill-Maley House 739 North State Street Jackson, Hinds County, Mississippi Credit: Robert T. Canizaro 733 North State Street Jackson, Mississippi 39201 March, 1982 Entrance portico, from east Photo 2 of 4



Merrill-Maley House 739 North State Street Jackson, Hinds County, Mississippi Credit: Robert T. Canizaro 733 North State Street Jackson, Mississippi 39201 March, 1982 Side (south) and rear (west) elevations, from southwest Photo 3 of 4



Merrill-Maley House 739 North State Street Jackson, Hinds County, Mississippi Credit: Robert T. Canizaro 733 North State Street Jackson, Mississippi 39201 March, 1982 Side (north) elevation, from northwest Photo 4 of 4