United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

## National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For HCRS use only
received FEB 2 3 1982
date entered MAR 2 5 1982

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nan	ne				
historic Joh	n Dicks/House				
	same as above				
			<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2. Loc	ation				
street & numbe	r 802 North Uni	ion Street		N,	/A not for publication
city, town Na	tchez	vic	cinity of	congressional district	Fourth
stateMississi	ppi	code 28	county	Adams	code ]
3. Clas	sification	n			
Category  districtX building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition In process being consider	yes: re	upied n progress le estricted	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park X private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Owr	ner of Pro	perty			
name Mr. a	ınd Mrs. John U.	Miller			
street & number		Jnion Street			
city, town	Natchez	N/A vio	cinity of	state	Mississippi 39120
5. Loca	ation of L	,		on	
courthouse, reg	istry of deeds, etc.	Office of the Adams County (			
street & number	Courthouse	Square		,	
city, town	Natchez			state	Mississi ppi 39120
6. Rep	resentati	on in Exis	sting \$	Surveys	
title City of	Natchez Landmar	rk Inventory	has this pro	perty been determined e	legible? X yes no
date 1973-81				federal sta	te county _X_local
depository for survey records Office of City Planning Director/Municipal Building					
city, town Nat				·	Mississippi

## 7. Description

good ruins antered moved date	Condition _X_ excellent good fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered _X altered	Check one _X_ original s moved	ite date N/A
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#### Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Situated on the western side of North Union Street in the old northern suburbs of the town of Natchez, the John Dicks House is a two-story, frame residence constructed on brick foundation piers and topped with a hipped roof. The roof is pierced by two interior brick chimneys with corbeled caps, and the attic is lighted by dormers with hipped roofs. L-shaped body of the house is crowned with a full, molded entablature with wide, bracketed, box cornice. The exterior of the house features shiplap siding on the first-story level and shingle siding in an imbricated pattern on the second-story level and the attic dormers. A one-story porch with balustraded roof extends from the angle of the L-shaped facade and wraps around the southern elevation of the house breaking forward at the corner to form an octagonal enclosed porch with unglazed openings, both arched and trabeated. horizontal bands are established on each story by treating the wall covering in a different manner at the dado level. On the first story, some of the siding is applied in vertical bands in the dado, with a double fascia base. On the second-story, the shingle pattern is reversed in the dado with a double fascia base. The molded cap of the upper dado continues across the facade as the handrail of the balustrade and the heavy turned balusters of the rail are interrupted over the paired, Roman Doric columns which delineate the entrance and at the angles of the octagonal porch by sections of shingles which match the shingled dado. All windows of the house contain one-over-one, double-hung sash except for two, leaded-glass windows with fixed sash on the facade. Most of the windows of the house feature original exterior shutter blinds, and the interior wooden blinds for the windows are stored in the attic for future installation.

The main entrance to the house is delineated by the two gallery columns set atop paneled pedestals, and access to the interior is provided through heavily molded, doubleleaf oak doors. A secondary entrance is located in the southern elevation of the projecting bay and consists of a single-leaf, molded door and transom. The interior of the house is one of the most elaborately detailed interiors in Mississippi. The most outstanding architectural feature of the house is the entry hallway with its two-story high domed ceiling and curving staircase. The staircase, which is composed of a square newel topped with a crystal sphere and adorned with decorative gilt carving, heavy turned newels, and a richly molded handrail, is entered on the southern hall wall and makes a continuous curve around the hallway walls to form an S-curved railed balcony which serves as the major second-story hallway. The hallway dome, which is banded by elaborate plaster decoration with a plaster center piece at the apex, was originally decorated with painted stars in constellations and a half moon. The first-story millwork features dados of molded panels in the entrance hallway and dining room, molded panels beneath the windows, four-paneled and molded doors, door and window surrounds that are symmetrically molded with corner blocks, bases with two fascia and molding arranged to create triple banding at the top, and beautifully detailed wooden mantel pieces, no two of which are alike. All formal firststory rooms contain plaster cornices and ceiling center pieces with the most elaborate plaster work located in the dining room. An crnate plaster center piece is surrounded by a panel of astragal molding with recessed corners, and an unusual plaster ceiling frieze of pears and grapes with their original blue and cream painting completely encircles the room.

On the second-story, the baseboards are topped with two molded bands instead of three, the doors are four-paneled and molded, the mantel pieces are more delicate but still highly individual, the windows are set over molded panels, and every bedroom has its own lavatory which was originally supplied with water from a copper holding tank in the attic.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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DATE ENTERED

PAGE 1

John Dicks House
Natchez, Adams Co., Mississippi
CONTINUATION SHEET
ITEM NUMBER

The integrity of the house is outstanding. Almost all original light fixtures have survived and the original hardware is intact. The only alterations to the house have occurred in the first and second-story rear porches and the kitchen area and bedroom above the kitchen. The original first-story rear porch has been extended and enclosed to form a modern den, the original kitchen has been modernized but the butler's pantry with original cabinets is intact, the second-story rear porch now houses an elevator shaft, and the second-story bedroom above the kitchen was altered slightly for the installation of an additional bathroom.

The only outbuilding on the nominated property is a two-story, frame garage that is not original.

## 8. Significance

1400–1499 1500–1599	Areas of Significance—C  archeology-prehistoric agricultureX_ architecture art commerce communications	community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement	music philosophy	science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater
Specific dates	1888-89	Builder/ArchitectMcKim.	. Mead & White/Sidney	v V. Stratton

#### Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The John Dicks House is one of the most architecturally significant residences of post-Civil War Mississippi. The house was constructed from 1888-89 and was designed by Sidney V. Stratton of the architectural firm of McKim, Mead & White (Mrs. John U. Miller, 802 North Union Street, Natchez, Mississippi, photostat of letter of advertisement for sale dated 1893). The significance of the house rests primarily upon its outstanding degree of architectural finish, the reputation of the architectural firm which designed it, its location in the South where examples of McKim, Mead & White architecture are scarce, and its association with Sidney V. Stratton, a native of Natchez. According to Leland M. Roth, in his published work on McKim, Mead & White:

For several years during the mid-1880's, the office had what might be described as an 'adjunct partner.' This was Sidney V. Stratton, another highly skilled draftsman who had become acquainted with McKim while the two were in Daumet's atelier in Paris. They both returned in 1870 and shortly afterward Stratton became friendly with Mead and White as well. He had a separate practice, though he sublet rooms from the firm and his name appeared for a few years on the office stationery, below the names of the partners and separated from them by a line. Moreover, the Bill Books indicate that fees for a few commissions were to be send directly to Stratton, suggesting that he was fully responsible for their design. The arrangement had ended by 1886 when Stratton went his own way, though he remained close to the partners thereafter (Leland M. Roth, The Architecture of McKim, Mead & White 1870-1920 [New York & London: Garland Publishing, Inc., 1978], pp. xxv-xxvi).

Although the plans for the house have been lost, a granddaughter of John Dicks, for whom the house was constructed, recalls having seen the plans and has recorded the information that Stanford White's name was on one side and Sidney V. Stratton's name on the other (Mrs. John U. Miller, affidavit of Mrs. Aileen Dicks Suchanek, granddaughter of John A. Dicks). The original specifications are in the possession of the present owner. The specifications cite Mr. S. V. Stratton as the architect and list his address as 57 Broadway, New York, the address of the McKim, Mead & White firm (Roth, pp. xxiv-xxv).

Sidney V. Stratton was born in Natchez on August 8, 1845, and died in Natchez on June 17, 1921 (tombstone, Natchez City Cemetery, Natchez, Mississippi). He was the son of the Rev. Joseph Buck Stratton and his first wife, Mary Vanuxem. Dr. Stratton, a native of New Jersey, was pastor, and later pastor emeritus, of the First Presbyterian Church of Natchez from 1843 until his death in 1903. Dr. Stratton kept a detailed diary of his sixty years in Natchez and provided some information on Sidney Stratton's architectural career. During the Civil War, Sidney Stratton had an assignment in the engineering department of the Trans. [sic] Mississippi Department (Joseph Buck Stratton, his unpublished diary, Louisiana

## 9. Major Bibliographical References

See continuation sheet.

10. Geogra	phical Data		
Acreage of nominated prop Quadrangle name Natche UMT References	erty Approx. 1 acre	_	Quadrangle scale 1:24,000
A 1 15 6 5 2 3 4 5 Zone Easting  C	Northing	P	Northing  Northing  I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
block 3, parcel 22.	uctined in red. Nomin	nated property 1	s located on City Tax Map 12,
	ties for properties overlap		
state N/A	code	county	code
11. Form Pr	epared By	county	code
TI. FOIII FI	epared by		
name/title Mary W. Mil	ler		
organization Historic	Natchez Foundation	date	August 5, 1981
street & number Box 17	61	telep	hone (601) 442-2500
city or town Natche	z	state	Mississippi
12. State H	istoric Prese	rvation O	fficer Certification
The evaluated significance	of this property within the sta $ \underline{\underline{\chi}} $ state	ite is:	
As the designated State His 665), I hereby nominate this	toric Preservation Officer for	the National Historic National Register and	Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– d certify that it has been evaluated on and Recreation Service.
State Historic Preservation	Officer signature	her Al Sail	
title Deputy State	Historic Preservation	Officer	date February 2, 1982
For HCRS use only I hereby certify that the	is property is included in the	National Register Entered in National Re	The contract of the contract o
Keeper of the National Re	gister		
Attest: Chief of Registration			date

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John Dicks House Natchez, Adams Co., Miss.

**CONTINUATION SHEET** 

ITEM NUMBER 8

PAGE 1

State University, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, entry dated July 13, 1863 and June 11, 1865). Stratton studied in Europe from 1865 until 1869 (Stratton, entry dated June 30, 1869) and began work shortly after his return as an architect in the office of Richard Morris Hunt in New York (Stratton, entry dated October 23, 1869). According to Stratton family members, Stratton returned to Natchez in the early 1900's and died there in 1921. The John Dicks House is the only building in Natchez known to document Stratton as a designer. Buildings that Stratton is known to have designed, at least partially, during his association with McKim, Mead & White are the Brooklyn Riding and Driving Club in Brooklyn, N. Y. (1890), residence for Mrs. Clemence S. B. Fish in New York, N. Y. (1887), residence for James K. Gracie in Oyster Bay, N.Y. (1884), residence for Charles Oliver Iselin in New York, N. Y. (1882), Ouoque Episcopal Church, Ouoque, N. Y. (1884), and the Elliott Roosevelt house renovations, New York, N. Y. (1884) (Roth, pp. 209-10). Roth also cites a residence designed for James M. Waterbury to be built in the South, but it is not known whether it was ever built (Roth, p. 162). Possibly, the house designed for Waterbury was ultimately constructed for John A. Dicks of Natchez.

John A. Dicks, the first owner of the house was a prominent Natchez businessman in the insurance business (Complete Directory of the City of Vicksburg, also Business Directories of Yazoo City, Jackson and Natchez [Vicksburg, Mississippi: A. C. Tuttle, Publisher, 1887], p. 233). Due to the ill health of his wife, Dicks put the house on the market in 1893 and finally sold the house in 1895 (Adams County Deed Book 3M:242), two years after the death of his wife (The Daily Democrat [Natchez], September 23, 1893, p. 2). Photographs of the original interior of the house, taken for marketing purposes, and an inventory of the Dicks household furnishings are in the possession of the present owner.

The house had a succession of owners until it was purchased in 1920 by Luther Whittington, mayor of Natchez and a state senator. The Whittington family sold the house in 1956 (Deed Book 7Z:85), but, in 1973, Mrs. John U. Miller, Whittington's daughter, was successful in purchasing the house in which she was reared. The integrity of the house is outstanding, and the respect given the house by Mr. and Mrs. Miller and their children will insure its future preservation.

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## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

John Dicks House Natchez, Adams County, Mississippi

#### **CONTINUATION SHEET**

ITEM NUMBER 9

PAGE

1

Adams County, Mississippi. Chancery Clerk. Deed Books 3M, 7Z.

Complete Directory of the City of Vicksburg, also Business Directories of Yazoo City, Jackson and Natchez. Viskburg, Mississippi: A. C. Tuttle, Publisher 1887.

The Daily Democrat [Natchez], September 23, 1893.

Miller, Mrs. John U. Affidavit of Mrs. Aileen Dicks Suchanek, granddaughter of John A. Dicks.

Miller, Mrs. John U. Photostat of 1893 letter of advertisement of sale.

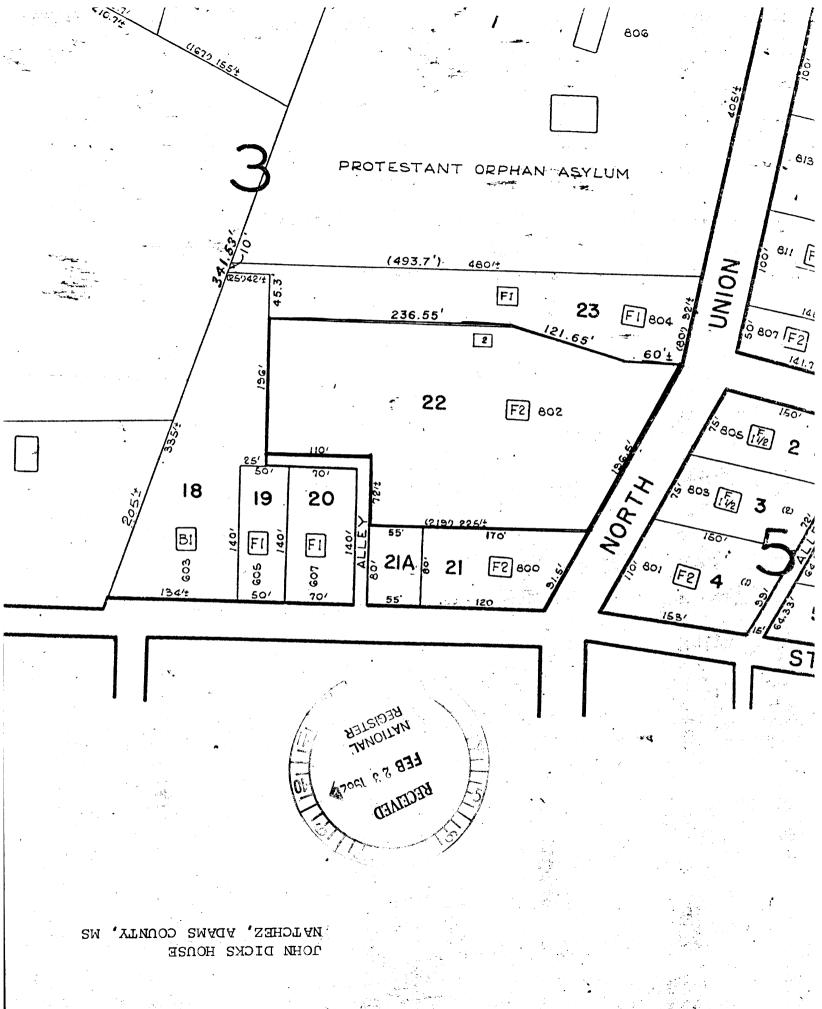
Miller, Mrs. John U. Specifications for the residence of Mr. John A. Dicks.

Miller, Mrs. John U. Photographs of the interior of the John A. Dicks residence during the Dicks occupancy.

Miller, Mrs. John U. Inventory of the John A. Dicks residence made by John A. Dicks.

Roth, Leland M. The Architecture of McKim, Mead & White 1870-1920. New York & London: Garland Publishing, Inc., 1978.

Stratton, Joseph Buck. Unpublished diary. Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge, Louisiana.





HNF # 79.05

Looking northwesterly, the easterly facade of the John Dicks House.

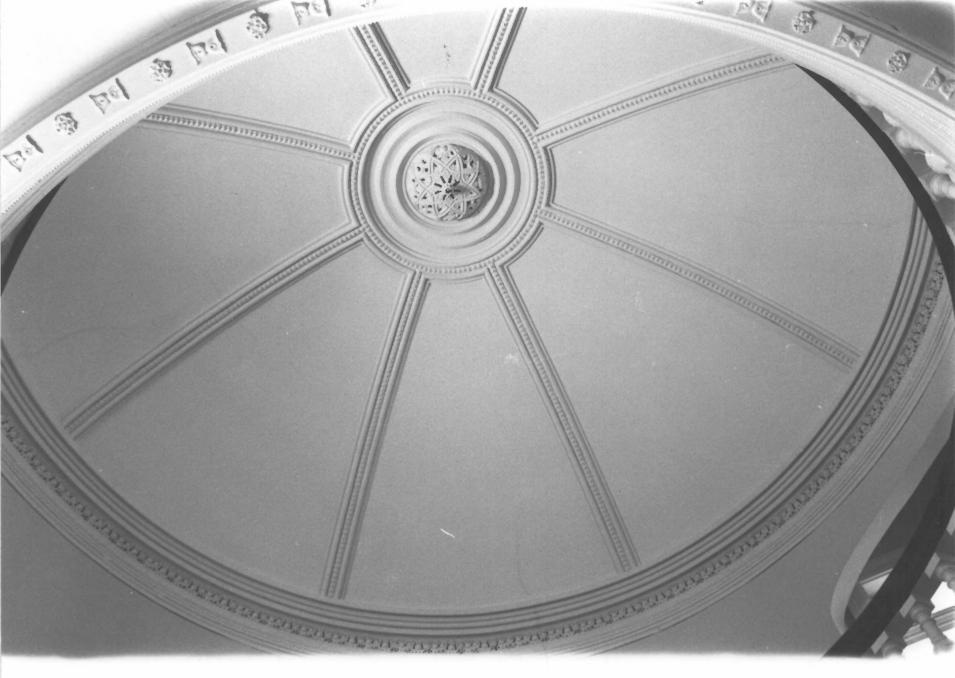
Photo 1 of 6



HNF # 79.26

Looking southwesterly, the entry hallway of the John Dicks House.

Photo 2 of 6



HNF# 79.34

View of the ceiling dome taken from the first story of the entry hallway.

Photo 3 of 6



HNF#79.32

Looking southwesterly, the dining room ceiling of the John Dicks House.

Photo 4 of 6



HNF# 86.13

Looking northwesterly, a ca. 1893 view of the southernmost first-story room showing elaborate mantel piece, niche beside mantel piece, wainscoting, and cornice.

Photo 5 of 6



Looking southwesterly, a ca. 1893 view of the hallway ceiling dome with moon and constellations that also shows secondstory, balcony hallway.

Photo 6 of 6