NPS Form 10-900

(Rev. 10-90)
United States Department of the Interior

National Park Service

## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

REGIS	STRATION FORM			
1.	Name of Property			
	ic name: Biloxi Downtown Historic Distric names/site number: N/A	et		
2.	Location			
	t & number: Howard Avenue, roughly bou building on the east side of Lameuse Stre	unded west by Reyno et, excluding the wes	not for publication	Side of Howard Avendo.
	r town: Biloxi Mississippi code: MS co	ounty: Harrison	vicinity code 047	zip code: 39530
3.	State/Federal Agency Certification			
Natio X X Sign	irements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In ronal Register Criteria. I recommend that to locally. ( See continuation sheet for lature of certifying official cuty State Historic Preservation Officer	additional comments	idered significant	nationally statewide
State	e or Federal agency and bureau			
In m	y opinion, the property meets et for additional comments.)	does not meet the N	ational Register criteri	a. ( See continuation
Sign	nature of commenting or other official	Date		
State	e or Federal agency and bureau			
4.	National Park Service Certification	1		
I, he	ereby certify that this property is: entered in the National Register,See continuation sheet. determined eligible for theNational RegisterSee continuation sheet. determined not eligible for theNational Registerremoved from the National Register	Signature of the	Keeper Date o	f Action

OMB No. 1024-0018

#### Classification

Ownership of Property: Private, Public

Number of Resources within Property:

(Do not include previously listed resources in the count)

Category of Property: District

Contributing

Noncontributing

11

buildings sites

structures

objects

11

7 Total

Name of related multiple property listing N/A

(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)

Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register

#### **Function or Use** 6.

#### **Historic Functions:**

COMMERCE/business

COMMERCE/professional

COMMERCE/financial institution

COMMERCE/specialty store

COMMERCE/department store

COMMERCE/restaurant

SOCIAL/meeting hall

GOVERNMENT/fire station

RECREATION AND CULTURE/theater

#### **Current Functions:**

COMMERCE/business

COMMERCE/professional

COMMERCE/financial institution

COMMERCE/specialty store

COMMERCE/restaurant

**RECREATION AND CULTURE/theater** 

**HEALTHCARE/clinic** 

#### Description

#### Architectural Classification(s):

Classical Revival

Art Deco

Italian Renaissance

Romanesque

#### Materials:

foundation:

brick, concrete

roof:

built-up, asphalt, metal

walls:

brick, concrete, stucco, terra cotta, glass

other:

metal-tin, cloth/canvas

#### Narrative Description:

See continuation sheets.

#### 40 Cassranh

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of Property: Approximately 15 acres

**UTM References:** Zone Easting Northing Zone Easting **Northing** 16 318760 3363970 C 16 318400 3364120 Α B 16 318760 3364020 318400 D 16 3364040

See continuation sheet.

#### **Verbal Boundary Description**

The boundary of the Biloxi Downtown Historic District is shown as the dotted line on the accompanying map.

#### **Boundary Justification:**

The boundary includes a contiguous group of buildings that have historically comprised part of Biloxi's commercial district and that maintain historic integrity.

#### 11. Form Prepared By

name/title:

Lolly Barnes; Museum Technician

Dr. Deanne Nuwer; Administrative Assistant

organization: C

City of Biloxi

date: February 25, 1998

street & number: P.O Box 508

telephone: (228) 435-6244

city or town: Biloxi

state:MS zip code: 39533

## Additional Documentation

Submit the following items with the completed form:

**Continuation Sheets** 

Maps

A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.

A sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

Photographs

Representative black and white photographs of the property.

Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

#### Property Owner(s)

name:

street & number: city or town:

state: telephone: zip code:

**Paperwork Reduction Act Statement**: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

**Estimated Burden Statement**: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

8.

Statement of Significance

Applica	able Nat	ional Register Criteria		Areas of Significance	
X	A	Property is associated with events that		Architecture	
^		have made a significant contribution to		Commerce	
		the broad patterns of our history.		Community Planning and	
	В	Property is associated with the lives of		Development	
	D	persons significant in our past.		2010104	
~	С	Property embodies the distinctive			
Χ	C	characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a			
				Period of Significance	
		master, or possesses high artistic values, or		1894-1930	
				1094-1950	
		represents a significant and distinguishable			
		entity whose components lack individual			
	_	distinction.			
	D	Property has yielded, or is likely to yield			
		information important in prehistory or history.		0	
				Significant Dates	
Criteria	a Consid	derations:		1894	
Proper	ty is:			1896	
A		owned by a religious institution or used for		1898	
		religious purposes.		1929	
B	}	removed from its original location.			
C	;	a birthplace or a grave.		Significant Person(s)	
D	)	a cemetery.			
C		a reconstructed building, object, or structure.		Cultural Affiliation(s)	
F		a commemorative property.			
G	ì	less than 50 years of age or achieved significal	nce	Architect/Builder	
		within the past 50 years.		Various/Unknown	
		,			
Narrati	ive State	ement of Significance: See continuati	on sheets.		
		9			
9.	Major	Bibliographical References			
	graphy	See continuation sheet.			
2.2	9				
Previo	us doci	umentation on file (NPS)	Primary L	ocation of Additional Data	
		determination of individual listing	_>	State Historic Preservation Office	
(36 CFR 67) has been requestedOther State agency					
pr		listed in the National Register		Federal agency	
previously determined eligible by the National Register X Local government					
designated a National Historic Landmark University					
recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey Other					
	ame of repository: Mississippi				
re	# corded b	by Historic American Engineering Record	epartment of Archives and History;		
	#	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		ity of Biloxi Historical Survey	
				-	

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Biloxi Downtown Historic District

Harrison County, MS

## NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

The proposed Biloxi Downtown Historic District is composed of twenty buildings in the downtown area of Biloxi, Harrison County, Mississippi. The district is roughly concentrated along two blocks of Howard Avenue, bounded by Reynoir Street to the west and Lameuse Street to the east. These blocks have been a center of commerce for Biloxi since the 1890s. The district's character is primarily commercial although cultural elements such as the Saenger Theater are included.

The buildings of Biloxi's historic commercial district were constructed over a period beginning in the late 1800's and ending around 1930. A wide range of architectural styles are evident in the district, including Romanesque, Italian Renaissance and Classical Revival. Significant buildings in the district include 750 Howard [Inventory # 1, Photo #1], a Victorian example of architecture with a distinctive weathervane depicting a large witch sitting on a fingernail moon; 781Howard [Inventory #7, Photo #4], a building with pressed metal cornices on both levels of the building, a feature common at the turn of the century; and 796 C Howard [Inventory #14, Photo #6], a building with exceptional Renaissance detailing. These structures reflect the boom years when Biloxi was the seafood canning capital of the United States.

Howard Avenue has an urban feeling with a one-way street, wide sidewalks, planters, green spaces, and strategically placed reproduction streetlights. Several buildings have awnings that give shelter from the weather and provide aesthetic appeal. Buildings are fairly uniform in size, scale, and set back. The topography of the town is generally flat. The proposed district is approximately two blocks north of the Gulf of Mexico and one block south of the railroad.

An inventory of the proposed district follows. Eleven of the twenty buildings contained within the district contribute to its architectural and historical character. Their contributing character is identified with the notation (C). Seven buildings in the district do not contribute to its architectural or historical character, usually due to alterations that destroyed or severely changed the building's historic features. These non-contributing buildings are denoted with (NC). One of these non-contributing buildings has received alterations that may be reversible and has the additional notation "Potentially eligible if restored." Two buildings in the district have been previously listed on the National Register and are identified with the notation (PL). Buildings are arranged in alphanumeric order by street address.

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Biloxi Downtown Historic District

Harrison County, MS

## **Inventory of Properties**

01 (C)

750 Howard Avenue 1896; additions c.1925 Romanesque Revival

Originally the People's Bank of Biloxi. The bank was relocated from this structure in 1924.

Two-story, three-by-five bay brick commercial building on a prominent corner site. Designed by William T. Harkness. Second story of chamfered southeast corner is distinguished by a tower with a conical copper roof surmounted by a copper weathervane depicting a witch on a crescent moon. Entrance and first story of the south elevation have been altered. Two-story, four-bay brick addition to the east elevation; similar three-bay addition on south elevation.

02 (C) 758 Howard Avenue c.1900; alterations c.1975

Two-story, flat-roof commercial building. Three-bay brick construction. Decorative brick frieze features corbelling and a soldier-course. Windows on second floor are one-over-one, double hung, with each bay consisting of a tripartie window-a large window flanked by two narrow ones. Four stacked-course pilasters divide the façade. First floor altered with stucco applied over the brick and modern doors and windows installed.

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Biloxi Downtown Historic District

Harrison County, MS

03 (C) 759 H

759 Howard Avenue

c.1900; alterations c.1975

Originally housed a drug store and dry goods store on the first floor.

Two-story, flat-roof commercial building. Original architectural design evident in second floor. First floor reflects a renovated storefront. This building is composed on the lower level of large areas of plate glass with two modern glass entry doors near the center and a single entry door on the extreme eastern side of the façade. The upper level of the north façade is stuccoed in a rough finish with pilasters flanking the east and west sides. The upper level is composed of three bays with a center bay receding slightly from the other two and containing three tall rectangular window openings with arched classical moldings. The two flanking bays each contain two tall rectangular windows capped with segmented arched moldings. The top cornice of the building is of corbelled brick on the two end bays and projects slightly. The cornice of the central bay is dissimilar, being made of flat horizontal bands. The building has a multi-planed brick veneer system with a very unique parapet and double capped coping. There are four different planes of brick, utilizing five masonry techniques ranging form running bond to stacked bond to soldier coursing and even a unique tear drop pediment brick design across the entire horizontal façade of the building. The windows are new on the second floor but complimentary to original design. Much of the original structure has been preserved in renovation.

04 (NC) 760 Howard Avenue 1898; alterations c.1975

Orignally the Dukate Theater.

Two-story, flat-roof commercial building. Renovations of this building are reflective of the modernization of Urban Renewal. Stucco covers the façade, with horizontal banding between the first and second floor to create a balance of awnings that were originally on the building. It is divided into three masses with a louvering effect for a sense of balance. Large expanses of plate glass on the first floor are bounded by massive stucco pilasters.

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Biloxi Downtown Historic District

Harrison County, MS

05 (NC) 763, 767, 769, 771 Howard Avenue c. 1975

One-story, flat-roof commercial building. Stuccoed façade. Attention was given to copings and frieze work.

06 (C) 772 Howard Avenue c. 1900; alterations c.1975

Two-story, flat-roof, low-parapet, three-bay brick commercial building. The two outer bays have paired windows with stained glass in the upper sash of the west group. Below each bay is a panel of textured stucco. Above the outer bays are decorative metal filagrees. Above the central bay is a recessed panel. The Delauney Street side has bricked-in openings on the bottom floor. The second floor has four elaborate bays. The northernmost one is a paired window, separated by a turned post topped with a single transom. Next to it is an arched window with a filagreed keystone. A plastered outcropping separates this section and two windows with stained glass in the upper sash. There follows another outcropping and an arched window. First floor altered.

07 (C) 781 Howard Avenue c. 1895; alterations c.1975

Originally a general store.

Two-story, three-bay brick commercial building. The north façade or store front is composed of glass blocks over the openings on the lower level, with three segmental arched windows with moulded tin crowns symetrically arranged on the upper level. The second-story bays are divided by brick pilasters and embellished with corbelling below the cornice. A cornice of moulded tin divides the first and second stories on the east façade, supported by brackets and low-relief decoration. A matching cornice on the north façade was removed in the 1970s. A larger cornice of molded tin at the top of the north façade was also removed in the 1970s. The east façade, composed of four bays, contains four arched windows also topped with molded tin crowns on the upper level. The lower level of the east façade contains two taller rectangular openings, with the tin cornices of the upper level repeated.

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Biloxi Downtown Historic District

Harrison County, MS

08 (C) 784 Howard Avenue

c. 1900; store-front alterations c. 1975

Two-story, flat-roof commercial building with parapet. Brick construction. Two-dimensional façade with soldier coursing in frieze. The building features an expressed cornice at the roofline coupled with a tile coping. The first floor reflects the urban renewal renovation, with the original brick masonry having been stuccoed over. However, maintaining the integrity of the columns on the first floor to match the second floor and by utilizing a vertical screening effect, a nice harmony and balance has been maintained.

09 (NC) 784B Howard Avenue 1998

Currently under construction. Concrete-block construction with brick veneer.

10 (C) 785 Howard Avenue c.1900; storefront alterations c.1975

Two-story, flat-roof commercial building. Brick construction reflective of the quality of masonry of this period. Five-bay column effect with the architrave being reflected as a soldier course running across the entire façade of the building. The frieze line is clear and strongly represented by relief in the masonry façade and the cornice is represented by triple stepping the masonry and visually supported by corbelling at the bottom. Parts of the first floor have been altered with stucco utilizing balanced visual columns and segmental arches.

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Biloxi Downtown Historic District

Harrison County, MS

11 (NC)

786 Howard Avenue

c. 1900; extensively renovated c.1990

Originally built as a fire station.

Two-story building. Building has been altered by applying stucco over the original masonry. A unique feature of the building is the large keystone which was placed at the head of the arched window. Because the building is only one bay wide, emphasis has been placed on the decorations of the two symmetrical areas of fenestration. The stucco has been scored to represent horizontal stone work. The building style is reminiscent of Italian Renaissance.

12 (C) 788 Howard Avenue

1894; storefront alterations c.1975

Originally J.W. Swetman's Drug Store.

Two-story, flat-roof commercial building. The second floor of the south façade has four rectangular nine-over-six windows with arched crowns and defined bases. The building is stucco with clearly defined coping which is reflective of the Spanish Mission style of architecture in the simplicity of its detailing. The altered first floor is an aluminum and glass storefront system.

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Harrison County, MS

13 (C) 796 A and B Howard Avenue c.1895; storefront alterations c.1970

Originally used as the Masonic Lodge until at least 1909, when the same space was also utilized as a "moving picture" hall.

Two-story, six-bay commercial building faced with stucco scored to emulate ashlar masonry. Second story features two groups of three round-arch windows. Prominent metal cornice. First floor renovated in urban renewal period. The exaggerated cornice is visually supported by a massive corbel table. The frieze line is expressed by a horizontal treatment in the stucco and the window sills are expressed through a series of rectilinear reliefs. The horizontal coping between the first and second floors is expressed through a series of dentils. The first floor is simple and massive, providing the necessary visual foundation and base for the extreme ornateness of the second floor. The style of the building can be classified as Romanesque.

14 (C) 796 C Howard Avenue c.1898; storefront alterations c.1970

Originally a general store.

Two-story commercial building. First floor renovated in urban renewal period. This building is reflective of the Italian Renaissance style, with a heavily exaggerated cornice and very light and rhythmic play in the fenestration of the second floor. The corner is accentuated and defined by a cantilevered turret with a cylindrical bargeboard spiral terminating with a weathervane. The entablature of the spiral is heavily decorated with dentils at the cornice, a scroll pattern at the frieze and engaged pediments at the architrave.

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Harrison County, MS

15 (NC) 808 Howard Avenue

c.1930; presently under extensive renovation

Originally a Woolworth's Five and Dime.

Two-story, flat-roof commercial building. The building is being renovated in the Art Deco style, with highly articulated parapets. Focal points have been defined by the use of the flat, one dimensional tower in the middle of the building, accentuated by the vertical sixteen light window in the middle.

16 (C) 814 Howard Avenue c.1925; storefront alterations c.1990

Originally a Kress Building.

Two-story, three-bay commercial building with a tile upper story on the south façade, and with light yellow brick side walls laid in flemish bond. The original part of the main façade has a Greek key motif across a string course above the first floor. Pilaster strips separate the bays of the upper floor. A series of moulded tile blocks with a spiral garland motif, which breaks in the center where the word "Kress", in tile, is placed above the bays. On each side of the two rows of spiral garlands are rosettes and on each side of the word "Kress" is a tulip motif. Above these decorative details is the cornice, ovolo on top, corona, then cyma recta on bottom, above which is a short parapet. This tile from wraps around for one bay along the west façade, which fronts an alley. There are seven more bays along this side façade, the five southernmost having triple windows. Above each of these bays is a small iron grill. A parapet above the second story rises for a short distance between the bays, and is delineated by a lighter color brick.

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Biloxi Downtown Historic District

Harrison County, MS

17 (NC)

820,824,834,836,838 Howard Avenue c.1925; extensively renovated c.1975

Potentially eligible if restored.

Two-story, flat-roof commercial building. Originally a beautiful building in the Spanish Revival style of architecture. This building was extensively renovated during the urban renewal period by Bill Allen, a well-known architect who was at one time professor of architecture at Tulane University in New Orleans. The building is reflective of modern architecture and expresses a play in massing. There are three basic horizontal elements: the first floor window-wall treatment, the second floor massing of stucco with a rhythmic pattern of fixed glass windows, and the large dominant massing of the vertical mansard roof.

18 (PL) 152 Lameuse Street 1914

People's Bank of Biloxi.

Two-story, flat-roof, four-by-six bay, brick commercial building with a decorated parapet. Rusticated brick pilasters divide bays of paired windows on the north elevation while dividing only the second-story windows on the west elevation (main façade). Three bays of the first story are filled with plate glass with transoms above and an intervening cantilevered metal canopy. Two bays of the north elevation have a like arrangement. Windows are double-hung in a one-over-one glazing configuration. The two-story inset entrance is framed by fluted lonic columns and doorway surmounted by a segmental-arch pediment. The water table on the north elevation and surrounding the entrance is ashlar masonry. The northwest corner is beveled and a full entablature with a dentiled cornice extends along the façade and north elevation. A stone capped brick parapet highlights the roofline and is divided by engaged piers with match the spacing of the pilastrade below. Above the entrance an ornate cartouche is mounted onto the parapet.

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Biloxi Downtown Historic District

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19 (NC)

155 Lameuse Street

c.1970

One-story, flat-roof commercial building. Constructed by Collins Construction Company. Contemporary brick and concrete-block structure on a prominent corner. Open windowed spaces are defined by brick columns.

20 (PL)

170 Reynoir Street

1929

Saenger Theater.

Three-story, brick theater building with a parapet. Roy Benjamin architect. This building reflects the feeling of the late renaissance, with elaborate scrolling, curves and carved ornamentation. The numerous plays in the planes of the masonry, the corbelling, the stepping and quoin work are reflective of a place of entertainment. The Saenger façade has three bays with a center block, divided by lonic pilasters which correspond with frieze medallions and urns set above the parapet.

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Biloxi Downtown Historic District

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## STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Biloxi Downtown Historic District is eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion A for its local significance in the areas of commerce and community planning and development. It is also eligible under Criterion C in the area of architecture. The buildings in the Biloxi Downtown Historic District are important because they depict Biloxi's growth as the leading seafood canning city in the United States in the early twentieth century. Biloxi's downtown buildings form a locally significant and well-preserved collection of commercial and cultural structures reflecting Biloxi's varied influences from the late 1890's to approximately 1930. The buildings in the Biloxi Downtown Historic District are representative of popular architectural styles of the late-nineteenth century and early twentieth century. Many of the buildings from this boom period have survived, despite major fires and numerous hurricanes.

Pierre le Moyne, sieur D'Iberville and his younger brother Jean Baptiste, Le Moyne sieur D'Iberville landed in Biloxi in 1699, searching for the mouth of the Mississippi River. Biloxi became the legal capital of the French Providence of Louisiana in 1721, but the seat of government was moved to New Orleans shortly after that date. From the 1720s to the early 1800s, Biloxi was a small rural outpost between the growing cities of New Orleans and Mobile. The population consisted of a small number of families living basically from subsistence farming and seafood caught in the local gulf waters. The buildings of these early settlers were simple utilitarian ones, mostly constructed from wood. Unfortunately, the local humid climate, numerous hurricanes, fires and extensive redevelopment have taken their toll on these earliest structures. As a result, no identified buildings remain from the Colonial Era in Biloxi.

In the early 1800s, New Orleans experienced severe yellow fever epidemics during the summer months. Every summer, New Orleanians fled their pestilent-ridden city to escape to the healthier climate along the Mississippi Gulf Coast. To accommodate this annual influx of tourists, Biloxi and the Gulf Coast grew as a summer resort. Businesses and hotels in Biloxi were grouped along the beachfront, south of the proposed district. The same factors listed above have left few buildings in Biloxi standing from the early to middle nineteenth century.

In the 1870s, the canning process was introduced to Biloxi. Because of the abundant seafood in the local waters, the city soon became a seafood canning

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center, particularly for shrimp and oysters. By the 1890s, the industry was well established. Biloxi thereafter became the leading seafood canning city in the country by the early 1900s. The population during this time consisted mainly of a small number of wealthy seafood factory owners, New Orleanians who had summer homes in Biloxi and seafood industry workers, including fishermen, shrimp pickers, oyster shuckers, and packers.

Point Cadet, in eastern Biloxi, and the Back Bay area of the city were the seafood canning centers. The downtown business center also grew in response to commercial needs. The railroad was introduced in the 1870s, spurring development in the proposed district. After the devastating fire of 1894 ravaged downtown Biloxi, J.W. Swetman rebuilt his drug store at 788 Howard Avenue [Inventory #12], serving "the finest soda in town...in all flavors and combinations known to scientific soda dispensers (from Along the Gulf)". Immediately adjacent to the proposed district is the site of noted art potter George E. Ohr's studio, the Pot-Ohr-E. Self styled as the "Mad Potter of Biloxi", George Ohr has received international acclaim in recent years for his "mud babies". Ohr rebuilt his studio after it was destroyed in the 1894 fire and continued his work until 1910. The Pot-Ohr-E was both a tourist destination and an outlet for utilitarian pottery goods such as stovepipes and flowerpots. The archaeological importance of this site should be explored for possible National Register designation.

In 1896, the People's Bank [Inventory #1, Photo #10], designed by W. T. Harkness, opened to meet the financial needs of the thriving populace. The Dukate Theater [Inventory #5] opened in downtown Biloxi in 1898, bringing culture and entertainment to the city. On Howard Avenue, buildings reflected eclectic and Victorian influences in their construction. The first floors of the structures often housed commercial enterprises, while the upper floors might be used as meeting places for civic organizations. The Masons used the second floor of 796 Howard Avenue [Inventory #14, Photo #6] as their Masonic Lodge until 1909. Other general stores were constructed in this period [Inventory #3, 7, 14], providing the necessities of life for the local population as well as attractive examples of contemporary architecture. The municipal government responded to the needs of the growing district with the establishment of a fire station at 786 Howard Avenue [Inventory #11] at the turn of the century.

As the city grew, so did local cultural involvement. By 1929, Biloxi could boast about its new theater, the Saenger [Inventory #21, Photo #1]. Designed by Roy Benjamin and constructed by A. H. Perry Company of Jacksonville, Florida,

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the theater was in the forefront of design when it opened with one of the first sound films, "Interference." The downtown area continued to prosper as a center for commerce in the 1920s, as evidenced by the construction of the Kress Building [Inventory #16], a structure with fine classical detailing. From the 1930s to the 1950s, Biloxi's downtown maintained its place as the center of commercial activity. Numerous restaurants, bars and retail stores operated in the downtown district. By the 1960s, however, the western end of Biloxi began to develop as a commercial center and downtown went into a period of decline.

In conjunction with the Federal Urban Renewal project of the 1970s, city leaders initiated a modernization program in an effort to revitalize the downtown district. Howard Avenue was turned into a pedestrian walkway and renamed the "Vieux Marche". Metal awnings were erected over the sidewalks, brick planters were constructed and the Comfort Station was built as an amenity to pedestrians. Many buildings underwent storefront renovations in this period. One notable renovation from the Urban Renewal period of the 1970s is the Barq Building [Inventory #20, Photo #2]. Modernization efforts failed to have the desired effect and businesses continued to leave the downtown area. By 1980, few retail stores remained in the downtown district. The construction of a major medical facility adjacent to the district in the 1980s failed to rejuvenate the area as a center for professional offices.

The Biloxi Downtown Historic District has recently experienced a rebirth. The street was opened to one-way traffic and the metal awnings were removed in 1997. The owners of several buildings have begun to restore their properties to their original grandeur. Some retail businesses are returning to the area and several buildings are being converted to professional office space to meet the needs of the nearby medical center. One particularly successful restoration is 781 Howard Avenue [Inventory #8, Photo #8], which currently houses a book store. It is hoped that the revived interest in the Biloxi Downtown Historic District will result in the restoration and preservation of Biloxi's rich architectural legacy.

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## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section:

Photos

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Biloxi Downtown Historic District

Harrison County, MS

#### PHOTOGRAPH LIST

The following information is the same for all photographs:

Biloxi Downtown Historic District Biloxi, Harrison County, Mississippi Photographed by: Dr. Deanne Nuwer

Date: February 23, 1998 Negatives: City of Biloxi

Photo 1 of 11: View of 750 Howard Avenue, looking northwest.

Photo 2 of 11: View of 763, 767, 769, 771 Howard Avenue, looking southeast.

Photo 3 of 11: View of 772 Howard Avenue, looking northeast.

Photo 4 of 11: View of 781 Howard Avenue, looking southwest.

Photo 5 of 11: View of 796 A & B Howard Avenue, looking north.

Photo 6 of 11: View of 796 C Howard Avenue, looking northeast.

Photo 7 of 11: View of 814 Howard Avenue, looking northeast.

Photo 8 of 11: View of 820, 824, 834, 836, 838 Howard Avenue, looking east.

Photo 9 of 11: View of 152 Lameuse Street, looking southeast.

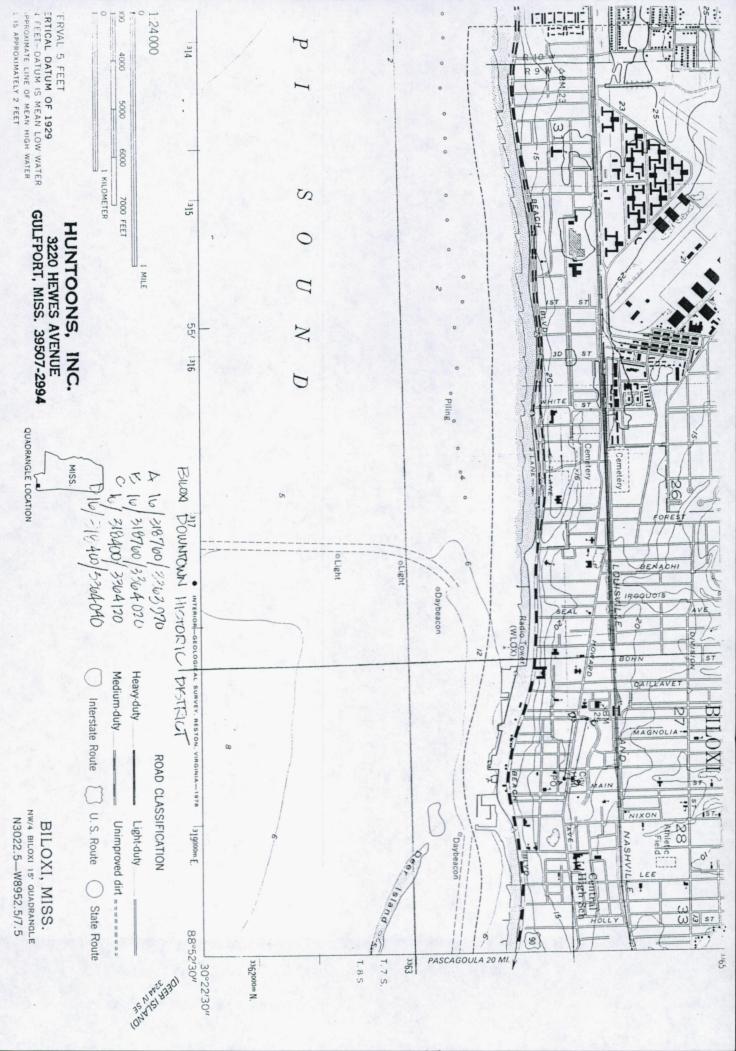
Photo 10 of 11: View of 170 Reynoir, looking east.

Photo 11 of 11: View of streetscape of Howard Avenue, looking east.

# Proposed Biloxi Downtown Historic District Reynoir Street Howard Ave 1, 1:

#### LEGEND:

- (1) Inventory number 750 Street number
- - Denotes contributing, non-contributing, or previously listed status
     Photograph number and direction



JNAL MAP ACCURACY STANDARDS
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
OR RESTON, VIRGINIA 22092
; AND SYMBOLS IS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST

Revisions shown in purple compiled by the Geological Survey from aerial photographs taken 1970 and 1976. This information not field checked

Purple tint indicates extension of urban areas

PHOTOREVISED 1970 AND 1976 AMS 3244 IV NW—SERIES V843



750 Howard Avenue, Biloxi Dountown Historic District Harrison County, Ms. Deanne Nuwer 2-23-98 City of Biloxi, Museums Division Looking horthwest Photo !



772 Howard Hoenine Biloxi Downtown Historic District Harrison County, Ms. Deanne Nuwer 2-23-98 City of Biloxi, Museums Division Looking northeast Photos 3



767,769,771 Howard Avenue ki Downtown Historical District rison County, Ms. nne Nuwer 3-98 of Bilori, Museums Division King Southeast to 2 2



81 Howard Avenue iloxi Downtown Historic District arrison County, Ms. eanne Nuwer -23-98 ity of Biloxi, Museums Division ooking southwest hoto 4 4



Biloxi Downtown Historic District Harrison County, Ms. Deanne Nuwer 2-23-98 City of Biloxi, Museums Division Looking north Photos 5



Biloxi Downtown Historic District Harrison County, Ms. Deanne Nuwer 2-23-98 City of Biloxi, Museums Division Looking northeast Photo & 6



Kress Building 814 Howard Avenue, Biloxi Downtown Historic Di Harrison County, Ms. Deanne Nuwer 2-23-98 City of Biloxi, Museums Division Looking northeast Photo 7 7



Barg Building 820, 824, 834, 836, 838 Howard Avenue, Biloxi Downto Historic District Harrison County, Ms. Deanne Nuwer 2-23-98 City of Biloxi, Museums Division Looking east Photo & B



People's Bank 152 Lameuse Street, Biloxi Downtown Historic District Harrison County, Ms. Deanne Nuwer 2-23-98 City of Biloxi, Museums Division

Looking southeast

Photo 4 9



Saenger Theater 170 Reynoir, Biloxi Downtown Historic District Harrison County, Ms. Deanne Nuwer 2-23-98 City of Biloxi, Museums Division Looking east

Photo N 10



Howard Avenue Streetscape Biloxi Downtown Historic District Harrison County, Ms. Deanne Nuwer 2-23-98 City of Biloxi, Museums Division Looking east Photo N 11