NPS Form 10-900-a (8-86)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section:

Page: ____

Talbert-Cassels House Amite County, Mississippi

Amendment for Purposes of Requesting Delisting

The Talbert-Cassels House, Amite County, Mississippi, was listed on the National Register of Historic Places on March 1, 1984. The house was destroyed by fire in December 2006. A site visit by MDAH staff in March 2008 confirmed that building was completely destroyed. Since the date of listing the building has lost the qualities which originally caused it to be listed.

Section 11:

Form prepared by: William M. Gatlin, Architectural Historian Mississippi Department of Archives and History P.O. Box 571 Jackson, MS 39205-0571 601-576-6940

Date: March 25, 2008

Section 2:

Certification

Date: 5-19-2008

State Historic Preservation Officer

United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For HCRS use only received

date entered

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1 Name

historic Talbert-Cassels House

and/or common same as above

Location

Southwest of an unmarked county road that connects State Hwy. 33 with State H N/A not for publication street & number 574 and located about 2 miles northwest of White Cap

X vicinity of city, town Gloster

Mississippi code 28 county Amite state

Status

no

3. Classification

Ownership

Category district _X_building(s) structure site

object

public _X_ private both **Public Acquisition** in process NA being considered

- **Present Use** _X_ occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible X yes: restricted yes: unrestricted
 - agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military

museum park X private residence religious scientific

transportation

code

5

other:

Owner of Property 4.

name Mr. Raymond Cassels Rt. 2, Box 115 street & number Mississippi 39638 Gloster city, town X_vicinity of state Location of Legal Description 5. Office of the Chancery Clerk courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Amite County Courthouse street & number Courthouse Square state Mississippi 39645 city, town Liberty **Representation in Existing Surveys** 6. title Historic Resources of Amite County has this property been determined elegible? yes no no

date 1982

federal X_state county local

depository for survey records Mississippi Department of Archives and History

Jackson city, town

Mississippi state

7. Dese	cription				
Condition excellent good fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered _X altered	Check one X original site moved date	N/A	

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Talbert-Cassels House is a two-story, brick, Greek Revival plantation residence with gabled roof featuring parapet gable ends with double chimneys linked by a curtain wall. A dentiled wooden cornice extends across the front and rear elevations. The northeastern five-bay facade is fronted by a one-story shed-roof gallery with crude wooden supports that replaced a one-story, center-bay portico. All window openings are topped by wood lintels and are filled with six-over-six, double-hung sash. Most of the windows are closed by original shutter blinds. The entrance frontispiece consists of a shouldered architrave surround with transom and sidelights set over molded panels framing a single-leaf door with four molded panels. The facade and rear elevation of the house were both originally treated with brick wash upon which lines were painted to give the appearance of stone blocks, a treatment that also survives at Gloucester in neighboring Adams County, Mississippi

The interior plan of the house is a double-pile plan with wide central passage. All interior doorways and windows feature shouldered architrave surrounds with two fascias, the bases are molded with two fascias, the doors have four molded panels, and the mantel pieces are wooden and pilastered. Ornamental plaster work is limited to a concentric circle centerpiece in the entrance hallway. The double parlors on the northerly side of the house are separated by sliding doors set within a fully molded and dentiled entablature supported by pilasters. An unusual, probably unique, feature of the house are the molded plaster panels beneath the windows. The original decorative scheme of the first-story interior is intact. The walls are bare plaster, the mantel pieces are painted in an unusual interpretation of black marble, and the doors are grained in two different woods.

The stairway, which runs along the southwesterly hall wall, is continuous from the first to the unfinished third story. On the first-story level, the stair has a massive turned newel, turned balusters, and ornamental brackets. On the second-story level, the stairway features balusters that are chamfered and tapered. On the third story, the balusters are rectangular-sectioned. The doors and windows of the second-story exhibit unmolded surrounds with molded peaked cornices. The bases are molded with two fascia. The most spectacular feature of the second-story are the board ceilings in the hallway and northern two bedrooms, which are decoratively painted in a unique manner. The ceilings look almost as if they were smoked by a flame.

At the southwest corner of the house is a one-story, original brick wing with rear frame addition all under a single gabled roof. Access to the rear addition is provided through double-leaf, transomed doors set within a shouldered architrave that provide access to a rear gallery. Like the facade treatment, this gallery is an enlargement of a smaller portico or porch and forms an L with the gallery of the onestory wing. The millwork of the brick wing is different from the main house. The doors and windows feature a battered surround with molded, peaked cornice, and the fireplace opening in the original dining room is flanked by closets. One of the closets has been altered and now serves as a doorway into the frame addition which houses the kitchen. Originally, the kitchen was located in a detached outbuilding located southwest of the main house.

Most of the outbuildings, which include a barn, seed house, and shed, date from the late nineteenth or early twentieth century. A family cemetery is located only about 150 feet north of the house.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications	heck and justify below community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement industry invention	<pre>landscape architecture law literature military music philosophy politics/government</pre>	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	ca. 1858	Builder/Architect	es Wilson	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Talbert-Cassels House is perhaps the most architecturally significant building in Amite County. This significance is based on its brick construction, its high degree of architectural finish, its outstanding integrity, its long history of family ownership, its unspoiled plantation setting, and its association with local builder James Wilson, whose widow's descendants now reside in the house. Erected ca. 1858, the Talbert-Cassels House was constructed of brick in a county where brick construction was rare in the midnineteenth century. Well executed with a high degree of architectural finish, the integrit of the house is outstanding despite the loss of the original one-story, center-bay portico. Possibly unique features of the house are the molded plaster panels beneath the windows of the double parlors, the second-story board ceilings that are decoratively painted as if they were smoked by a flame, and the unusual veining of the marbled mantel pieces. The interior of the house retains all original finishes including grained doors, marbled mantel pieces, and white plaster walls. Although constructed as a residence for the Talbert famil by local builder James Wilson, the house became the Wilson family residence shortly after the Civil War. The house has been beautifully preserved by Raymond Cassels, a descendant of the widow of James Wilson, the builder, who is buried in the plantation cemetery.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Cassels, Raymond, great-grandson of James Wilson's widow. Interviewed by Mary Warren Miller preservation consultant with the Historic Natchez Foundation, Natchez, MS, at the Talbert-Cassels House, March 1982.

10. Geograph	ical Data			
Acreage of nominated property Quadrangle name <u>Liberty</u> , JMT References	_approximately_ Miss.	<u>24.</u> 8 acres	Quadrangle s	cale 1:62500
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		D [] <u>5</u> F [H [690950 3 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Verbal boundary description the northwestern and so southwestern boundary are located 600 feet for List all states and counties	outheastern boun line. The north rom the center p	dary lines pa western, sout point of the r	rallel and forming heastern, and sout idge of the roof a	nwestern boundary lir
state NA	code	county		code
tate	code	county		code
street & number P. O. Box	chez Foundation		date July 15, 198 telephone (601) 4	3 42-2500
city or town Natchez			state Mississippi	
	toric Pres	ervation	Officer Ce	rtification
The evaluated significance of th	is property within the	state is:		
national	state	X local		
As the designated State Historic 665), I hereby nominate this pro according to the criteria and pro	perty for inclusion in	the National Regis	ter and certify that it has t	been evaluated
State Historic Preservation Offic	cer signature	Part-se	abaily	
itle Deputy State H	istoric Preserva	-		tober 4, 1983
For HCRS use only I hereby certify that this p	roperty is included in	Care and a second second second	ster date	
Keeper of the National Regist	er Allen and Allen an		date	
Chief of Registration	P. M. R. L. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M.	and the second of the second second	「日本語」「「「「「「」」」」」」」	i de la compañía de la

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONI	LY
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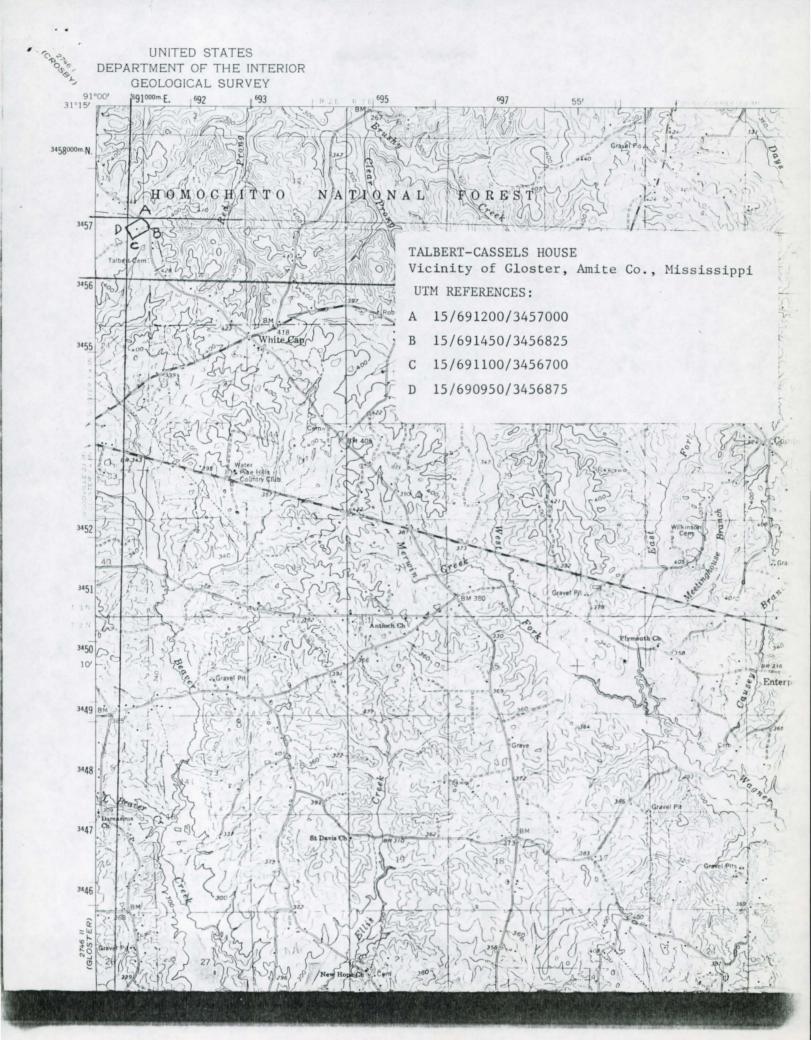
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Talbert-Cassels House, Amite County, Mississippi

CONTINUATION SHEET

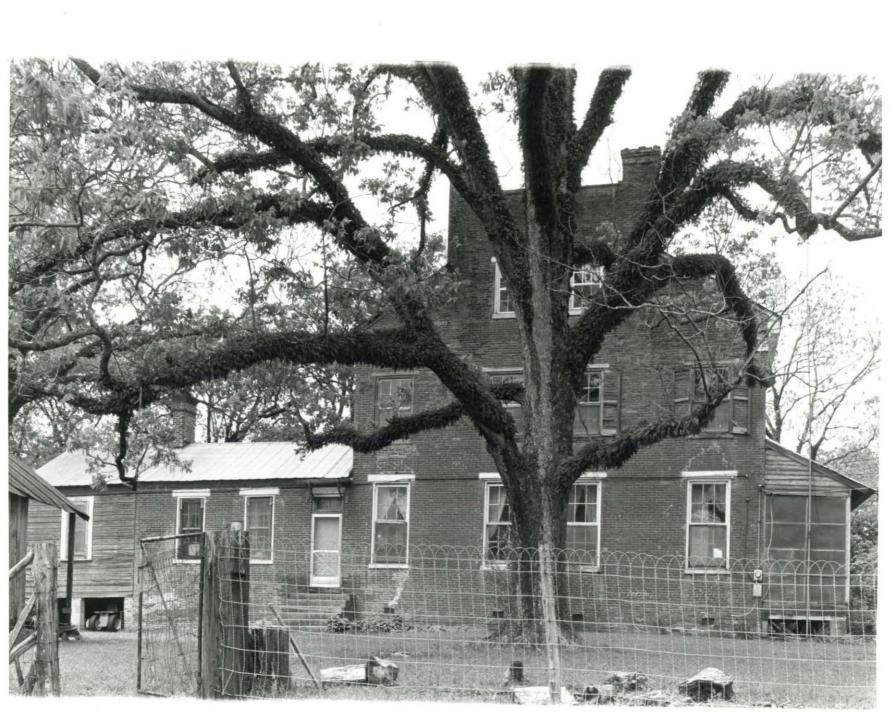
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boundary line is formed by the westerly edge of the county road that runs from State Highway 33 to White Cap. The acreage included constitutes a tract of approximately 24.8 acres out of a 479-acre plantation. The 24.8 acreage is considered necessary to encompass the plantation outbuildings, the plantation cemetery, and the plantation setting of the property.





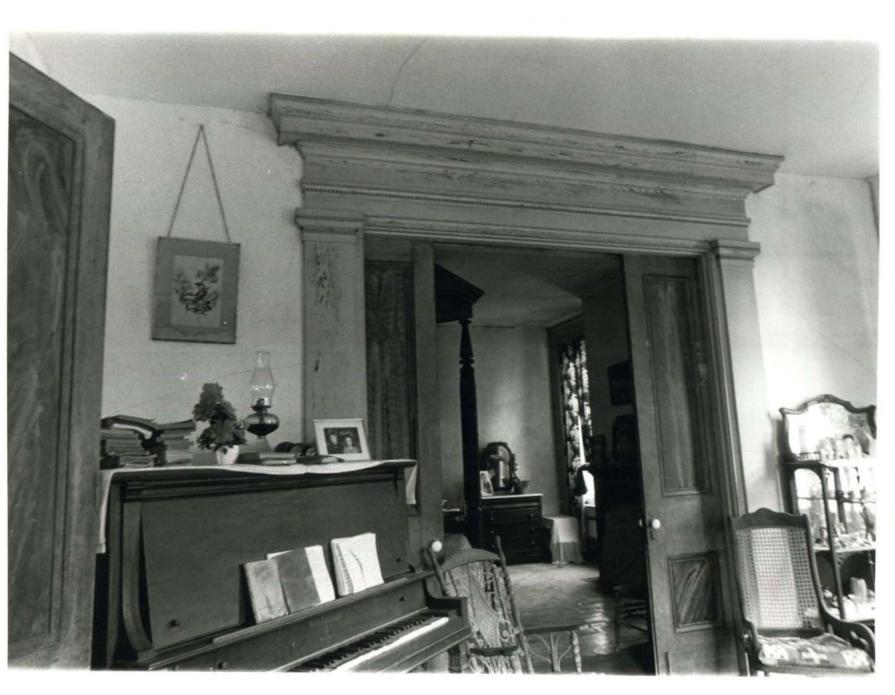
Talbert-Cassels House, view to west Gloster vicinity, Amite County, Mississippi Mississippi Department of Archives and History Mary Warren Miller April 1982 Photo 1 of 5



Talbert-Cassels House, view to north Gloster vicinity, Amite County, Mississippi Mississippi Department of Archives and History Mary Warren Miller April 1982 Photo 2 of 5

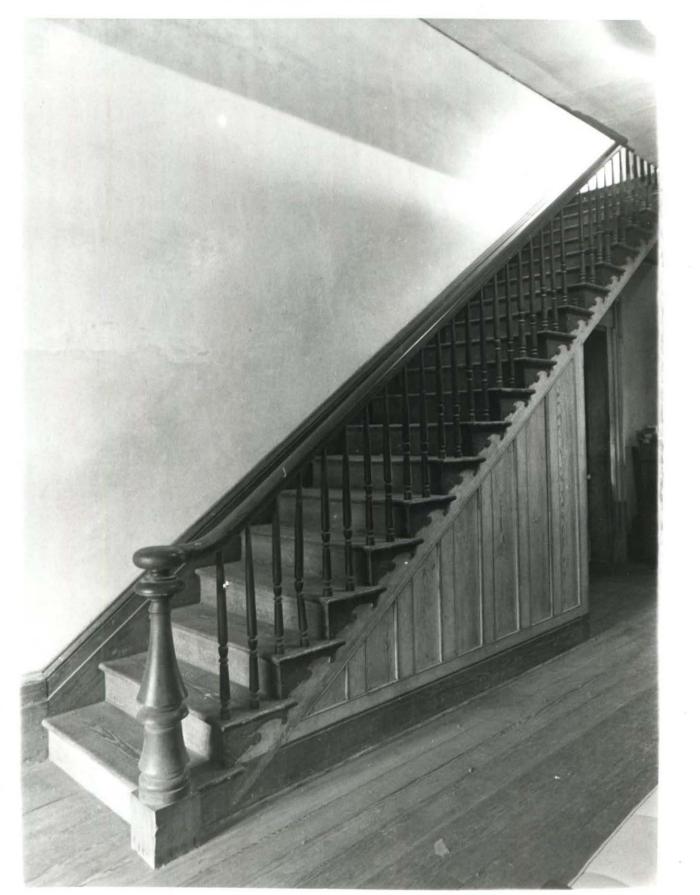


Talbert-Cassels House, view to north, detail of northwestern second-story bedroom Gloster vicinity, Amite County, Mississippi Mississippi Department of Archives and History Mary Warren Miller April 1982 Photo 3 of 5



Talbert-Cassels House, view to west, sliding door entablature of northern parlor doors Gloster vicinity, Amite County, Mississippi Mississippi Department of Archives and History Mary Warren Miller April 1982 Photo 4 of 5

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Talbert-Cassels House, view to southeast, detail of stairway Gloster vicinity, Amite County, Mississippi Mississippi Department of Archives and History Mary Warren Miller April 1982 Photo 5 of 5